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Docket No.: GR 98 P 8561


MICHAEL BURNS

Date: November 22, 2000

Hon. Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed herewith are the necessary papers for filing the following application for Letters Patent:

Applicant : GEORG GROPPER ET AL.

Title : PYROLYSIS PLANT FOR REFUSE AND METHOD FOR SCREENING
SOLID RESIDUES

3 sheets of formal drawings in triplicate.

A check in the amount of \$908.00 covering the filing fee.

Claim for Priority. Certified copy of the corresponding foreign patent application No. 198 23 018.4, filed May 22, 1998.

PCT Publication (cover sheet only).

This application is being filed without a signed oath or declaration under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.53(d). Applicants await notification of the date by which the oath or declaration and the surcharge are due, pursuant to this rule.

The Patent and Trademark Office is hereby given authority to charge Deposit Account No. 12-1099 of Lerner and Greenberg, P.A. for any fees due or deficiencies of payments made for any purpose during the pendency of the above-identified application.

Respectfully submitted,



For Applicants
LAG:tk

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REG. NO. 34,956

PYROLYSIS PLANT FOR REFUSE
AND METHOD FOR SCREENING SOLID RESIDUES

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Cross-Reference to Related Application:

This application is a continuation of copending International Application No. PCT/DE99/01482, filed May 17, 1999, which designated the United States.

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Background of the Invention:

Field of the Invention:

The invention relates to a pyrolysis plant for refuse and a method for screening solid residues, through the use of which coarse solid fragments are separated from finer solid fragments.

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In many industrial areas of use, it is necessary for solids which are contained, for example, in bulk material to be separated into a plurality of fractions. The fractions are, as a rule, subdivided according to different solid sizes, solid geometries or solid constitutions. Separation of solids is desirable whenever the different solid fractions are to be supplied for further treatment.

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In the building industry, for example, building debris which occurs is separated from large and bulky debris constituents which are then sorted and reutilized. The separated finer building debris is disposed of, for example, at a dump

provided for that purpose.

In the field of waste disposal, separation and sorting of the waste or of residues occurring during waste utilization are of ever-increasing importance with a view toward disposal which is as protective of the environment as possible. An essential factor therein is the separation of waste according to its size. Separation may be carried out before the waste is utilized. However, it may also be an essential method step in waste utilization itself.

Thermal methods are known for the elimination of waste, in which the waste is burned in refuse incineration plants or pyrolysed in pyrolysis plants, that is to say subjected to a temperature of about 400°C to 700°C, with air being excluded.

In both methods, it is expedient to separate the residue remaining after incineration or after pyrolysis, in order to either supply it for reutilization or dispose of it in a suitable way. The aim, in that case, is to keep the amount of residue to be ultimately stored at a dump as low as possible.

European Patent Application 0 302 310 A1, corresponding to
U.S. Patent No. 4,878,440, and a company publication entitled
"Die Schmel-Brenn-Anlage, eine Verfahrensbeschreibung" ["The
Low-Temperature Carbonization Incineration Plant, a Method
Description"], published by Siemens AG, Berlin and Munich,
1996, disclose, as a pyrolysis plant, a so-called low-
temperature carbonization incineration plant, in which
essentially a two-stage method is carried out. In the first
stage, the waste supplied is introduced into a low-temperature
carbonization drum (pyrolysis reactor) and is carbonized there
at low temperature (pyrolysed). During pyrolysis, low-
temperature carbonization gas and pyrolysis residue occur in
the low-temperature carbonization drum. The low-temperature
carbonization gas is burned, together with combustible parts
of the pyrolysis residue, in a high-temperature combustion
chamber at temperatures of approximately 1200°C. The waste
gases occurring at the same time are subsequently purified.

The pyrolysis residue also has non-combustible constituents in
addition to the combustible parts. The non-combustible
constituents are composed essentially of an inert fraction,
such as glass, stones or ceramic, and of a metal fraction.
The useful materials of the residue are sorted out and
supplied for reutilization. It is necessary to have methods
and components which ensure reliable and continuous operation
for the sorting-out process.

In the case of screening devices, there is often the problem of screen surfaces becoming clogged. The screening device then breaks down, or at least it must be subjected to complicated and labor-intensive cleaning. The problem of the blockage of the screening device arises particularly when the solid to be separated has a highly inhomogeneous composition. Thus, for example, wires catch in perforated plates used as screen surfaces, so that the individual holes are first narrowed and, in time, become clogged.

The residue occurring during the pyrolysis is typically a highly inhomogeneous solid which has pronounced differences in terms of its material composition, its size and the geometry of its solid fragments. The residue contains not only stones, broken glass and larger metal fragments, but also elongate bars and entangled wires (wire pellets).

A device for discharging pyrolysis residue from a low-temperature carbonization drum is known, for example, from International Publication No. WO 97/26495, in order to provide for the separation of coarse pyrolysis residue. The discharge device includes a conveying device which has a separating bottom with a sawtooth-like profile as well as a downstream bar screen. The separating bottom is set in vibration, so that the fine constituents are separated from the coarse on

the separating bottom. The fine constituents fall through the downstream bar screen, while the coarse constituents slide along on the latter. However, wire pellets may catch on the bars and lead to a blockage.

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Summary of the Invention:

It is accordingly an object of the invention to provide a pyrolysis plant for refuse and a method for screening solid residues, which overcome the hereinafore-mentioned disadvantages of the heretofore-known devices and methods of this general type and in which continuous operation is ensured by simple measures, without blockages occurring.

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With the foregoing and other objects in view there is provided, in accordance with the invention, a pyrolysis plant for refuse, comprising a screening device having an interior for receiving solid residues, a rod wound along a helical line and bounding the interior, and a longitudinal axis, the screening device rotatable about the longitudinal axis.

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The decisive advantage of a screening device constructed in this way is to be seen in that wire pellets or other solids cannot remain adhering to the rod. Thus, due to the rotation of the screening device and because of the turn of the rod, the wire pellets are thereby pushed down in the conveying direction. Blockages are therefore effectively avoided.

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In accordance with another feature of the invention, the rod is constructed as a spiral with a plurality of turns, in particular with about four to ten turns.

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In a screening device of this kind, which may also be referred to as a "spiral screen", the solids to be screened are introduced into the interior formed by the three-dimensional spiral. Fine solids having smaller dimensions than the distance between two turns of the spiral fall through the spiral, while coarse solids are conveyed further in the interior. The maximum size of the screened finer solid constituent can be set by a suitable choice of the distances between the turns. The rotational movement of the spiral ensures that the coarser solid fragments are transported reliably and continuously in the conveying direction from the start to the end of the spiral.

An essential advantage of the spiral is that waste fragments possibly jammed between two turns are raised as a result of the rotational movement and, in particular, fall down due to their dead weight at an upper reversal point. The simple and robust construction of the screening device as a spiral therefore automatically avoids permanent blockages and allows continuous operation.

In accordance with a further feature of the invention, a number of rods are provided and the rod starts thereof are disposed so as to be offset in terms of rotation. In this case, each rod runs along a helical line. Such a screen
5 having a plurality of rods is also referred to as a multi-flight screen.

In accordance with an added or alternative feature of the invention, the angle of rotation of the rods is smaller than
10 360°. In particular, the angle of rotation is smaller than or approximately equal to 180°. The screening device may be constructed with a plurality of rods which do not execute a complete revolution, so that it can be made more robust, as compared with a spiral screen having a plurality of turns.

15 In accordance with an additional feature of the invention, there is provided a rod element fixed relative to the rod, both in the spiral screen and in the multi-flight screen. The rod element runs essentially parallel to the outer surface
20 formed by the spiral or parallel to the outer surface formed by the multi-flight screen.

This rod element acts as follows as a stripping element: when a wire pellet catches on the rod, then, as a result of the
25 rotational movement of the screen, this wire pellet is guided against the fixed rod element and is stripped off from the rod

by the fixed rod element along the helical line. In order to achieve this, the direction of rotation of the rod is suitably coordinated with the direction of rotation of the screening device.

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In accordance with yet another feature of the invention, in order to provide stripping which is as efficient as possible, the rod element is likewise wound along a helical line, specifically and in particular in opposition to the rod, so that, for example, the rod element forms an angle of preferably 90° with the rod.

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In accordance with yet a further feature of the invention, the spiral is fastened in the spiral screen only at one of its two ends, so that the spiral axis is curved downwards in the direction of gravity towards its non-fastened end as a result of dead weight. Preferably, the spiral is held only at the spiral start, while the spiral end which is located in the conveying direction is constructed to be freely suspended.

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As an alternative to a spiral fastened on one side, an already curved spiral may also be fastened on both sides. It is essential that the spiral be curved.

25 The decisive advantage of the curvature is to be seen in that the distances between the turns on the underside of the spiral

are smaller than the distances on the top side of the spiral. Solids introduced into the spiral may, in principle, be jammed only between turns on the underside of the spiral, since the solids fall downwards due to their dead weight, as soon as
5 they are raised. In other words: due to the spiral movement, a jammed solid fragment is raised upwards along with the spiral. At the same time, the distance between the turns widens, so that the solid fragment cannot remain jammed between the turns and necessarily falls down due to its dead
10 weight. The screening device with a curved spiral is therefore to a great extent self-cleaning.

In accordance with yet an added feature of the invention, in order to make the curvature of the spiral possible, it is
15 expedient for the spiral to have a flexible construction. At the same time, stresses acting on the spiral due to jammed solid fragments are thereby kept low.

In accordance with yet an additional feature of the invention,
20 in order to provide a stable and simple construction, the rod forming the spiral is advantageously metallic and, in particular, a round iron bar or an iron or steel tube. Such a spiral is extremely robust and is also suitable, in particular, for the coarse separation of heavy and large
25 solids. The spiral is made from plastic, for example, for instances of use in which only slight loads occur.

In accordance with again another feature of the invention, there is provided an aligning device for the alignment of elongate solid fragments in the conveying direction in the screening device. The aligning device is disposed upstream of the rod in the conveying direction and opens into the interior.

The alignment of elongate solid fragments ensures that they are introduced, essentially parallel to the longitudinal axis, into the interior. Elongate solid fragments are therefore likewise treated automatically as coarse solid fragments and conveyed further. They cannot fall through the spiral perpendicularly to the longitudinal axis. This ensures that the solid fragments falling through the screen formed by the rod or rods are only those which have their largest dimensions being smaller than the distance between two turns of the spiral or the distance between two rods.

In accordance with again a further feature of the invention, the aligning device is constructed as a drum rotatable about its longitudinal axis in order to ensure simple alignment of the elongate solid fragments. The solid fragments are automatically aligned in the direction of the drum axis by virtue of the rotational movement of the drum.

In accordance with again an added feature of the invention, there is provided a coil, that is to say a helically wound strip, placed on the inside of the drum. This coil prevents solids, introduced into one drum end, for example through a filler shaft, from running through the drum at too high a speed, so that the solids "fly" through the interior formed by the rod, without screening taking place. Preferably, the coil has a multi-flight construction for this purpose, that is to say a plurality of helical strips, which are disposed so as to be offset in terms of rotation. The coil is, in particular, disposed directly on the inlet side of the drum and has a relatively high side.

In accordance with again an additional feature of the invention, the coil is constructed in such a way that it forms a closed circle, as seen in a top view in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the drum.

This rules out the possibility of solids on the drum bottom being able to slide through, unobstructed, in a straight line from the drum entrance as far as the drum exit. A multi-flight coil with an angle of rotation smaller than 360° is preferred so as not to impede the solid flow unnecessarily.

In this case, the desired overlap of the side is achieved and, at the same time, a relatively low pitch of the coil is made

possible, so that it becomes possible for solids to be transported quickly within the drum.

In an alternative embodiment, the aligning device is

- 5 constructed as a profiled vibrating bottom which is provided with longitudinal grooves running in the conveying direction and in which the elongate solid fragments are aligned in these longitudinal grooves due to the vibrations of the vibrating bottom.

10 In accordance with still another feature of the invention, the rod is fastened to the drum on the end surface of the drum located in the conveying direction and, in particular, is welded there. The rod is preferably fastened in such a way
15 that the drum exit opens into the interior formed by the rod. Therefore, in order to provide a frictionless material discharge from the drum, the rod is fastened to the outer wall of the drum or is at least flush with the drum.

- 20 In this embodiment, the aligning device and the rod form a structural unit with a particularly simple construction which is robust and reliable.

In accordance with still a further feature of the invention,
25 the screening device is connected to a discharge side of a low-temperature carbonization drum of a pyrolysis plant for

the screening of pyrolysis residues obtained from the low-temperature carbonization drum.

In the pyrolysis plant, a first separation of the pyrolysis residue into a fine and a coarse residue fraction is preferably carried out through the use of the screening device. Reliable and continuous operation of the entire pyrolysis plant is ensured by virtue of the simple and particularly robust construction of the screening device.

It is particularly advantageous and expedient for the screening device to be fixedly connected directly to the low-temperature carbonization drum on the discharge side of the latter. Consequently, no other components, which may cause a fault, are interposed between the low-temperature carbonization drum and the screening device. The rod is, for example, fastened directly to a discharge pipe of the low-temperature carbonization drum and is disposed within a discharge device. This discharge device is preferably sealed off in a gas-tight manner relative to the outside atmosphere, in order to avoid the ingress of atmospheric oxygen which would lead to combustion of the combustible and hot pyrolysis residue.

In accordance with still an added feature of the invention, particularly for the purpose of the coarse screening of

residue from a large-scale pyrolysis plant, the distance between two turns of the spiral or between two rods is advantageously about 100 mm to 300 mm and, in particular, about 180 mm.

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In accordance with still an additional feature of the invention, the interior formed by the rod has a length of about 0.5 to 1.5 m. Its diameter amounts to about 1.5 m, and a screening device with a drum and a screen preferably has a total length of about 2 to 4 m. The length of the interior is expediently smaller than or equal to the diameter of the drum.

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The advantages and particular embodiments explained with reference to the screening device also apply accordingly to the method.

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Other features which are considered as characteristic for the invention are set forth in the appended claims.

Although the invention is illustrated and described herein as embodied in a pyrolysis plant for refuse and a method for screening solid residues, it is nevertheless not intended to be limited to the details shown, since various modifications and structural changes may be made therein without departing from the spirit of the invention and within the scope and range of equivalents of the claims.

The construction and method of operation of the invention, however, together with additional objects and advantages thereof will be best understood from the following description of specific embodiments when read in connection with the accompanying drawings.

Brief Description of the Drawings:

Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic, side-elevational view of a screening device, in which a drum as an aligning device is fixedly connected to a spiral;

Fig. 2 is a sectional view through a curved spiral, which is provided in order to explain an advantageous action of the screening device;

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Fig. 3 is a side-elevational view of a low-temperature carbonization drum with a spiral fastened thereto; and

Fig. 4 is a side-elevational view of a screening device with a number of rods as a multi-flight screen.

Description of the Preferred Embodiments:

Referring now to the figures of the drawings in detail and first, particularly, to Fig. 1 thereof, there is seen a screening device 1 which includes an aligning device, specifically a drum 2, that is rotatable about its longitudinal axis and which is inclined relative to the horizontal. A shaft-like feed device 6 for solids R is disposed on a left-hand end surface 4 of the drum 2. These solids R are, for example, pyrolysis residue or building debris. A metal rod 8 which is wound along a helical line and which forms a spiral 10 with an interior 11, is fastened to a right-hand end surface 7 of the drum 2. The right-hand end surface 7 is located opposite the feed device 6. The spiral 10 is fastened to the drum 2, for example through the use of a suitable welded, screwed or clamping connection. The spiral

10 is approximately flush with the drum 2, so that the diameter of the drum 2 and that of the spiral 10 are approximately equal. This makes it possible to use the entire right-hand end surface 7 as a drum exit for the solids R, and to construct the drum 2, for example, as a simple metal tube. A common longitudinal axis 3 of the screening device 1 and of the drum 2 coincides essentially with a spiral axis 12 of the spiral 10.

10 The drum 2 is mounted rotatably and can be set in rotation through a drive which is not illustrated in detail. The spiral 10 fastened to the drum 2 also rotates together with the drum 2. According to Fig. 1, the spiral has five turns. The distance between two adjacent turns depends on the type of solids R. In the present case, it is preferably about 180 mm. The spirally wound rod 8 is formed of a robust material and, in particular, is metallic. It is, for example, a round iron bar or a steel tube. The spiral 10 is fastened on only one side, specifically to the drum 2. Its spiral end facing away from the drum 2 is free of fastening devices and is not supported. The spiral 10 will therefore curve downwards towards its non-fastened end due to gravity. This is discussed in more detail further below with reference to Fig. 2.

The solids R are introduced into the drum 2 through the feed device 6 and are transported in a conveying direction 14 towards the spiral 10 as a result of the inclination of the drum 2 and of the rotational movement. Fine solids F are separated in the spiral 10, while coarse solids G are transported further by the spiral 10.

An essential advantage of the screening device 1 having the spiral 10 is to be seen in that even solids R flowing sluggishly are transported in the conveying direction 14 in a simple way as a result of the rotational movement.

Due to the rotational movement of the drum 2, elongate solid fragments 16 are at the same time aligned in the conveying direction 14, so that they are guided, approximately parallel to the spiral axis 12, into the interior 11 of the spiral 10. This reliably avoids a situation in which the elongate solid fragments 16 pass into the spiral 10 perpendicularly to the spiral axis 12 and fall through the spiral 10. Only the fine solids F can therefore fall through the spiral 10, and they are collected in a first collecting container 18 and transported away, as required. The coarse solids G are led through the spiral 10. At the end of the spiral 10, the coarse solids G fall into a second collecting container 20 and are likewise transported away, as required. Conveying devices, such as transport belts or transport worms, may also be provided

instead of the collecting containers 18, 20, in order to transport the solids F, G away continuously.

Fig. 2 shows a diagrammatic, sectional view through a curved spiral 10. The essential functional principle of the curved spiral 10 is explained with reference to this figure. According to Fig. 2, the spiral axis 12 (and with it, the entire spiral 10) has a curvature. By virtue of the curvature, an upper distance o between two successive turns is greater than a lower distance u between two turns. A solid fragment R can only be jammed in the lower region of the spiral 10, where the distance u between two turns is small. A jammed solid fragment P is conveyed upwards as a result of the rotational movement of the spiral 10 and, at the same time, the distance between the turns becomes greater, so that the solid fragment P is released and falls down.

The same applies analogously to wire pieces 24 or similar solid fragments which are hook-shaped and catch over the rod 8 with a hook opening. If the screen were to move in only one plane, such wire pieces 24 would, as a rule, lead to blockage. In the present case, during rotation, a wire piece 24 is guided upwards together with the spiral 10. The hook opening is directed upwards, particularly at an upper reversal point of the spiral 10, so that the wire piece 24 can fall down.

This advantageous mechanism of the spiral 10 is obtained, irrespective of whether or not the spiral 10 has a curvature.

According to Fig. 3, a low-temperature carbonization drum 26
5 of a pyrolysis plant is charged with waste A through a feed shaft 27 and a supply device 28. The waste A is carbonized at about 450°C in the low-temperature carbonization drum 26. In this case, a low-temperature carbonization gas S and a solid or pyrolysis residue R are obtained. The low-temperature
10 carbonization drum 26 is preferably heated through internal heating tubes which are not illustrated in detail. It is inclined relative to the horizontal and is mounted rotatably. A discharge tube 29 is disposed on that end surface of the low-temperature carbonization drum 26 which is located
15 opposite the supply device 28, and the spiral 10 is fastened at an end surface of the discharge tube 29. The discharge tube 29 and the spiral 10 form the screening device 1. The discharge tube 29 serves at the same time as an aligning device for elongate solid fragments. The fine solid
20 constituents F are separated from the coarse solid constituents G through the use of the spiral 10.

The discharge tube 29 together with the connected spiral 10 open out into a discharge device 30 which is sealed off in a
25 gas-tight manner relative to the rotating low-temperature carbonization drum 26 through sliding-ring seals 32. The

supply device 28 is also sealed off in a gas-tight manner relative to the low-temperature carbonization drum 26 through sliding-ring seals 32, in the same way as the discharge device 30. This is done to avoid a situation in which atmospheric oxygen penetrates into the low-temperature carbonization drum 26 and impairs the pyrolysis process, which takes place largely free of oxygen in the low-temperature carbonization drum 26. In addition to the pyrolysis residue R, the low-temperature carbonization gas S is present in the low-temperature carbonization drum 26. The low-temperature carbonization gas S flows through the discharge tube 29 into the discharge device 30 and is diverted from there through a low-temperature carbonization gas extraction connection piece 34.

In an alternative version, the spiral 10 disposed in the discharge device 30 may be followed by a tube 37 which is illustrated by broken lines in Fig. 3 and through which the coarse solids G are discharged from the discharge device 30.

In this case, the spiral 10 is disposed between the discharge tube 29 and the tube 37.

The pyrolysis residue R is separated, immediately downstream of the low-temperature carbonization drum 26, into fine solid constituents F and coarse solid constituents G through the use of the configuration of the spiral 10 on the discharge tube 29

of the drum 26. There is therefore only a slight risk of blockage of components located downstream of the low-temperature carbonization drum 26.

5 The screening device is suitable, in general, for direct connection to rotary tubes, such as, for example, rotating tubular kilns or low-temperature carbonization drums, in which the solids undergo treatment because they are to be separated.

10 The fine residue F which is separated through the use of the screening device 1 is preferably subjected to so-called air separation for further processing. In this case, the light, in particular carbon-containing solid constituents are separated from the heavy constituents. During such air
15 separation, the solids are supplied to an air stream, so that the light solid constituents are entrained by the air stream. It has proved particularly expedient to have a zig-zag-shaped shaft, into which the air is supplied from below and the solids are supplied from above or laterally.

20 Fig. 4 illustrates an embodiment which is an alternative to the spiral 10 and in which a number of rods 8 are disposed at the end of the drum 2, instead of the spiral 10. In each case the rods 8 are wound along a helical line and may therefore be
25 considered as a multi-flight coil. The individual rods 8 are disposed in such a way as to be offset in terms of rotation

relative to one another, preferably at an angle of 30° , at the end of the drum 2. Each individual rod 8 has an angle of rotation smaller than 360° , that is to say it does not execute a complete revolution. A particularly robust construction
5 thereby becomes possible.

The decisive advantage of this multi-flight coil, and of the spiral 10 according to Fig. 1 as well, is the provision of one or more helically wound rods 8. This is done so that, as a
10 result of the rotational movement of the screening device 1 provided by a motor M, solid fragments which may possibly be caught are automatically transported further to the end of the screening device and are discarded there.

15 In order to assist this self-cleaning mechanism, provision is made for use of a rod element 35 which runs essentially parallel to an outer surface formed by the rods 8. The rod element 35 may also be disposed in the embodiment having the spiral 10. The rod element 35 ensures that a solid fragment
20 caught on a rod 8 is drawn off from the latter in the conveying direction 14 by virtue of the relative movement between the rod 8 and rod element 35. For this purpose, the direction of rotation of the screening device 1 and the direction of rotation of the rods 8 are coordinated with one
25 another.

In order to increase the stripping action, the rod element 35 is likewise wound along a helical line and intersects the rods 8 preferably at an angle of 90° . The pitch of the rod element 35 preferably increases in the conveying direction 14, in

5 order to increase the stripping action. The action is improved even further if a plurality of rod elements 35 are provided. For example, they may be disposed below the rods 8 approximately in a semicircle.

10 Another advantage of the provision of the rod element 35 is to be seen in that elongate solid fragments 16 which are not aligned completely parallel to the longitudinal direction 3 in the drum 2 cannot fall through a gap between the rods 8.

Specifically, due to the rotational movement of the drum 2,
15 the elongate solid fragments 16 may also be raised, so that they strike the rods 8 at an acute angle at the outlet of the drum 2.

Furthermore, it may be gathered from Fig. 4 that a multiple or
20 multi-flight coil 36 is disposed on the entry side of the drum 2. In the exemplary embodiment, the multiple or multi-flight coil 36 includes two helical plates which are disposed in such a way as to be offset relative to one another in terms of rotation. Other plates may also be provided. The coil 36 is
25 disposed on the inside of the drum 2 and is constructed in such a way that at least two coil portions overlap one another

at each point on a drum bottom. Moreover, the sides of the coil, that is to say the plates, are relatively high. This ensures that the solids R introduced through the feed device 6 are braked and do not fly or shoot through the screening device 1, without the solids undergoing screening.

The multi-flight screen having a plurality of rods 8, which is described in relation to Fig. 4, may replace the spiral screen 10 of Fig. 3 without any restriction.

The screening device described herein is distinguished by a very simple and robust construction and, at the same time, ensures fault-free operation, without blockages occurring. Critical aspects for ensuring reliable operation are the construction of the screening device with the helically wound rod 8 or with the rods 8, the differences brought about by the curvature of the spiral 10 in the distance between the turns, the reliable separation of elongate solid fragments by virtue of the preceding aligning device and the automatic transport of the solids R which is due to the rotational movement and spiral movement.

We claim:

1. A pyrolysis plant for refuse, comprising:

a screening device having an interior for receiving solid residues, a rod wound along a helical line and bounding said interior, and a longitudinal axis, said screening device rotatable about said longitudinal axis.
2. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is constructed as a spiral with a plurality of turns.
3. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is constructed as a spiral with approximately 4 to 10 turns.
4. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is one of a number of rods having rod starts offset in terms of rotation.
5. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 4, wherein said rods have an angle of rotation smaller than 360° .
6. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 4, wherein said rods have an angle of rotation at most approximately equal to 180° .

7. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said wound rod forms an outer surface, and a rod element is disposed fixedly relative to said wound rod and substantially parallel to said outer surface.
8. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 7, wherein said rod element is wound along a helical line in opposition to said rod.
9. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 7, wherein said rod element forms an angle of approximately 90° with said rod.
10. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 7, wherein said rod element is one of a plurality of rod elements having starts offset in terms of rotation.
11. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod has a rod start and is fastened only at said rod start.
12. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is flexible.
13. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 2, wherein said spiral has a downwardly curved spiral axis.

14. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is metallic.
15. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is a metallic round iron bar.
16. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is a metallic tube.
17. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, including an aligning device for alignment of elongate solid fragments in a conveying direction, said aligning device disposed upstream of said rod and opening into said interior.
18. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 17, wherein said aligning device is a drum having a longitudinal axis, and said aligning device is rotatable about said longitudinal axis of said aligning device.
19. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 18, wherein said drum has a downstream end surface as seen in a conveying direction, and said rod is fastened to said downstream end surface.

20. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 18, wherein said drum has an end surface as seen in a conveying direction, and said rod is welded to said end surface.

21. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 18, including a coil disposed inside said drum.

22. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 18, including a multi-flight coil disposed inside said drum.

23. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 21, wherein said coil forms a closed circle as seen in a top view in the direction of said longitudinal axis of said drum.

24. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, including a low-temperature carbonization drum having a discharge side, said screening device connected to said discharge side of said low-temperature carbonization drum for screening pyrolysis residues obtained from said low-temperature carbonization drum.

25. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 2, wherein two of said turns of said spiral define a distance therebetween of approximately 100 to 300 mm.

26. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 2, wherein two of said turns of said spiral define a distance therebetween of 180 mm.

27. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is one of a number of rods defining a distance therebetween of approximately 100 to 300 mm.

28. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said rod is one of a number of rods defining a distance therebetween of 180 mm.

29. The pyrolysis plant according to claim 1, wherein said interior bounded by said rod has a diameter of approximately 1.5 m and a length of approximately 0.5 to 1.5 m.

30. A method for screening solid residues from a pyrolysis plant for refuse, which comprises:

providing a screening device having a longitudinal axis, an interior and a rod wound along a helical line;

introducing residues into the interior of the screening device rotating about the longitudinal axis; and

conveying coarse residue constituents with the rod for separating the coarse residue constituents from pure residue constituents.

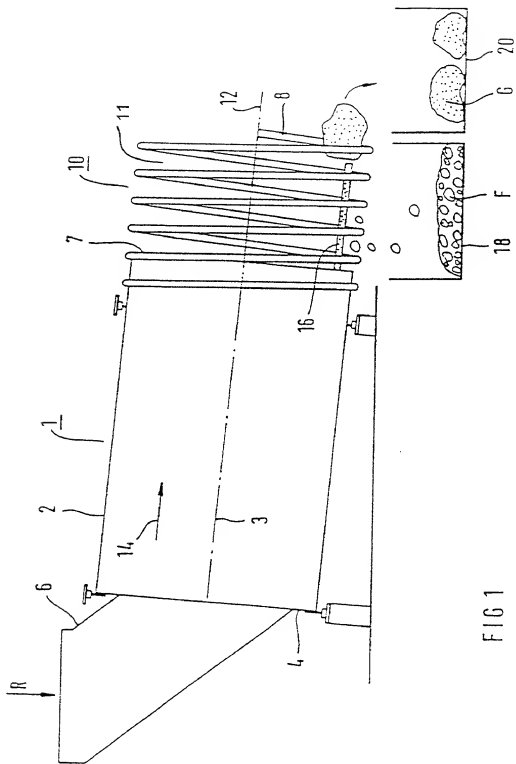
31. The method according to claim 30, which further comprises initially aligning the residues in a conveying direction in an aligning device and subsequently screening the residues with the rod.

002277.1689760
09718891.112200

Abstract of the Disclosure:

A pyrolysis plant for refuse and a method for screening solid residues provide a sure and trouble-free sieving of a solid material using a sieving device having a configuration which is as simple as possible. A spiral formed by a rod which is wound in a helicoidal manner, or a plurality of such rods, are provided as the sieving device. The rod or rods can rotate around a longitudinal axis. The solid material is introduced into an interior formed by the rod for sieving, preferably with the assistance of an aligning device for longitudinally extended solid material parts. The spirals include, in particular, a bend so that the lodged solid materials can automatically detach themselves. The sieving device is especially suited for sieving pyrolysis residual material.

LAG/kc



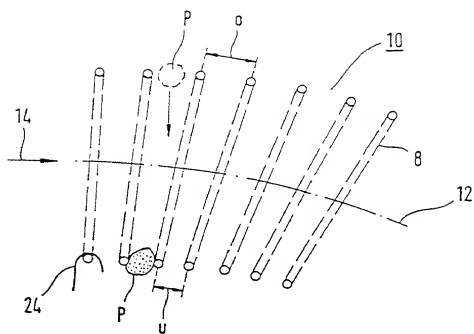


FIG 2

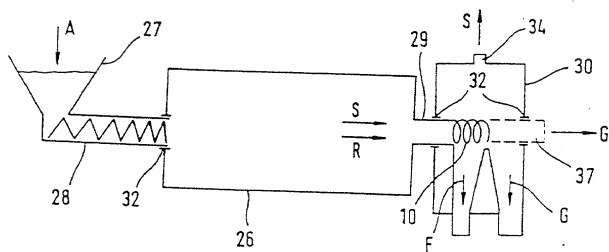


FIG 3

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION ERKLÄRUNG FÜR PATENTANMELDUNGEN MIT VOLLMACHT

German Language Declaration

Als nachstehend benannter Erfinder erkläre ich hiermit an Eides Statt:

daß mein Wohnsitz, meine Postanschrift und meine Staatsangehörigkeit den im nachstehenden nach meinem Namen aufgeführten Angaben entsprechen, daß ich nach bestem Wissen der ursprüngliche, erste und alleinige Erfinder (falls nachstehend nur ein Name angegeben ist) oder ein ursprünglicher, erster und Miterfinder (falls nachstehend mehrere Namen aufgeführt sind) des Gegenstandes bin, für den dieser Antrag gestellt wird und für den ein Patent für die Erfindung mit folgendem Titel beantragt wird:

PYROLYSEANLAGE FÜR MÜLL UND VERFAHREN ZUM SIEBEN VON FESTSTOFF

deren Beschreibung hier beigefügt ist, es sei denn (in diesem Falle Zutreffendes bitte ankreuzen), diese Erfindung

☐ wurde angemeldet am _____
unter der US-Anmeldenummer oder unter der
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Vertrages über die Zusammenarbeit auf dem
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_____ und am _____
_____ abgeändert (falls
zutreffend),

Ich bestätige hiermit, daß ich den Inhalt der oben angegebenen Patentanmeldung, einschließlich der Ansprüche, die eventuell durch einen oben erwähnten Zusatzantrag abgeändert wurde, durchgesehen und verstanden habe.

Ich erkenne meine Pflicht zur Offenbarung jeglicher Informationen an, die zur Prüfung der Patenfähigkeit in Einklang mit Titel 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 von Belang sind.

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

PYROLYSIS PLANT FOR REFUSE AND METHOD FOR SCREENING SOLID RESIDUES

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ was filed on _____ as United
States Application Number or PCT International
Application Number

_____ and was amended on

_____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

German Language Declaration


Ich beanspruche hiermit ausländische Prioritätsvorteile gemäß Title 35, US-Code, § 119(a)-(d), bzw. 365(b) aller unten aufgeführten Auslandsanmeldungen für Patente oder Erfinderrkunden, oder §365(a) aller PCT internationalen Anmeldungen, welche wenigstens ein Land außer den Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika benennen, und habe nachstehend durch Ankreuzen sämtliche Auslandsanmeldungen für Patente bzw. Erfinderrkunden oder PCT internationale Anmeldungen angegeben, deren Anmeldetag dem der Anmeldung, für welche Priorität beansprucht wird, vorangeht.


Prior Foreign Applications
(Frühere ausländische Anmeldungen)

198 23 018.4	Deutschland
(Number)	(Country)
(Nummer)	(Land)

_____	_____
(Number)	(Country)
(Nummer)	(Land)

Ich beanspruche hiermit Prioritätsvorteile unter Title 35, US-Code, § 119(e) aller US-Hilfsanmeldungen wie unten aufgezählt.

 _____	_____
(Application No.)	(Filing Date)
(Aktenzeichen)	(Anmeldetag)

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(Application No.)	(Filing Date)
(Aktenzeichen)	(Anmeldetag)

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PCT/DE99/01482	17/05/1999
(Application No.)	(Filing Date)
(Aktenzeichen)	(Anmeldetag)

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I hereby claim foreign priority under Title 35, United States Code, §119 (a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365 (a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Priority Not Claimed
Priorität nicht beansprucht

22/05/1998	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Day/Month/Year Filed)	
(Tag/Monat/Jahr der Anmeldung)	

_____	<input type="checkbox"/>
(Day/Month/Year Filed)	
(Tag/Monat/Jahr der Anmeldung)	

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

_____	_____
(Status)(patented, pending, abandoned)	
(Status)(patentiert, schwebend, aufgegeben)	

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

German Language Declaration

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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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0074666442200

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2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100 2101 2102 2103 2104 2105 2106 2107 2108 2109 2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120 2121 2122 2123 2124 2125 2126 2127 2128 2129 2130 2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136 2137 2138 2139 2140 2141 2142 2143 2144 2145 2146 2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152 2153 2154 2155 2156 2157 2158 2159 2160 2161 2162 2163 2164 2165 2166 2167 2168 2169 2170 2171 2172 2173 2174 2175 2176 2177 2178 2179 2180 2181 2182 2183 2184 2185 2186 2187 2188 2189 2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197 2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203 2204 2205 2206 2207 2208 2209 2210 2211 2212 2213 2214 2215 2216 2217 2218 2219 2220 2221 2222 2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232 2233 2234 2235 2236 2237 2238 2239 2240 2241 2242 2243 2244 2245 2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258 2259 2260 2261 2262 2263 2264 2265 2266 2267 2268 2269 2270 2271 2272 2273 2274 2275 2276 2277 2278 2279 2280 2281 2282 2283 2284 2285 2286 2287 2288 2289 2290 2291 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296 2297 2298 2299 2300 2301 2302 2303 2304 2305 2306 2307 2308 2309 2310 2311 2312 2313 2314 2315 2316 2317 2318 2319 2320 2321 2322 2323 2324 2325 2326 2327 2328 2329 2330 2331 2332 2333 2334 2335 2336 2337 2338 2339 2340 2341 2342 2343 2344 2345 2346 2347 2348 2349 2350 2351 2352 2353 2354 2355 2356 2357 2358 2359 2360 2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367 2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378 2379 2380 2381 2382 2383 2384 2385 2386 2387 2388 2389 2390 2391 2392 2393 2394 2395 2396 2397 2398 2399 2400 2401 2402 2403 2404 2405 2406 2407 2408 2409 2410 2411 2412 2413 2414 2415 2416 2417 2418 2419 2420 2421 2422 2423 2424 2425 2426 2427 2428 2429 2430 2431 2432 2433 2434 2435 2436 2437 2438 2439 2440 2441 2442 2443 2444 2445 2446 2447 2448 2449 2450 2451 2452 2453 2454 2455 2456 2457 2458 2459 2460 2461 2462 2463 2464 2465 2466 2467 2468 2469 2470 2471 2472 2473 2474 2475 2476 2477 2478 2479 2480 2481 2482 2483 2484 2485 2486 2487 2488 2489 2490 2491 2492 2493 2494 2495 2496 2497 2498 2499 2500 2501 2502 2503 2504 2505 2506 2507 2508 2509 2510 2511 2512 2513 2514 2515 2516 2517 2518 2519 2520 2521 2522 2523 2524 2525 2526 2527 2528 2529 2530 2531 2532 2533 2534 2535 2536 2537 2538 2539 2540 2541 2542 2543 2544 2545 2546 2547 2548 2549 2550 2551 2552 2553 2554 2555 2556 2557 2558 2559 2560 2561 2562 2563 2564 2565 2566 2567 2568 2569 2570 2571 2572 2573 2574 2575 2576 2577 2578 2579 2580 2581 2582 2583 2584 2585 2586 2587 2588 2589 2590 2591 2592 2593 2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599 2600 2601 2602 2603 2604 2605 2606 2607 2608 2609 2610 2611 2612 2613 2614 2615 2616 2617 2618 2619 2620 2621 2622 2623 2624 2625 2626 2627 2628 2629 2630 2631 2632 2633 2634 2635 2636 2637 2638 2639 2640 2641 2642 2643 2644 2645 2646 2647 2648 2649 2650 2651 2652 2653 2654 2655 2656 2657 2658 2659 2660 2661 2662 2663 2664 2665 2666 2667 2668 2669 2670 2671 2672 2673 2674 2675 2676 2677 2678 2679 2680 2681 2682 2683 2684 2685 2686 2687 2688 2689 2690 2691 2692 2693 2694 2695 2696 2697 2698 2699 2700 2701 2702 2703 2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711 2712 2713 2714 2715 2716 2717 2718 2719 2720 2721 2722 2723 2724 2725 2726 2727 2728 2729 2730 2731 2732 2733 2734 2735 2736 2737 2738 2739 2740 2741 2742 2743 2744 2745 2746 2747 2748 2749 2750 2751 2752 2753 2754 2755 2756 2757 2758 2759 2760 2761 2762 2763 2764 2765 2766 2767 2768 2769 2770 2771 2772 2773 2774 2775 2776 2777 2778 2779 2780 2781 2782 2783 2784 2785 2786 2787 2788 2789 2790 2791 2792 2793 2794 2795 2796 2797 2798 2799 2800 2801 2802 2803 2804 2805 2806 2807 2808 2809 2810 2811 2812 2813 2814 2815 2816 2817 2818